P022. HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE - Universe: HOUSEHOLDS Data Set: 2002 American Community Survey Summary Tables

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	225,474	221,333	229,616
Family households:	161,026	154,862	167,190
2-person household	61,836	59,160	64,512
3-person household	37,879	32,507	43,251
4-person household	33,631	30,806	36,456
5-person household	16,612	14,769	18,455
6-person household	6,676	5,377	7,975
7-or-more person household	4,392	3,291	5,493
Nonfamily households:	64,448	60,666	68,230
1-person household	50,490	47,164	53,816
2-person household	12,327	10,355	14,299
3-person household	1,169	572	1,766
4-person household	386	124	648
5-person household	76	0	203
6-person household	0	0	287
7-or-more person household	0	0	287

Notes

The 2002 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

Click on the table title to access subject characteristics and code lists related to this table.

1. An '*' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard

and the first in the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An '**' entry in the lower and upper bounds columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An '*' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An '*' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.